## 先端科学技術研究科 修士論文要旨

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学籍番号	2111091	· 提出日	令和 5年 1月 18日
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論文題目	A Framework to Evaluate the Reliability of Obfuscation Transformations in Program Code A Framework to Evaluate the Reliability of Obfuscation Transformations in Program Code		
要旨			
code. Many obfuscating tr malicious analysis ar instruction, complic However, there is n	s a framework for evaluating the ansformations have been propos ad tampering by reverse enginee ating arithmetic expressions, and o framework for evaluating the p	ed and implemented i ering, such as substitu l flattening control flo reliability of obfuscatio	n obfuscation tools to prevent ting for an alternative w. ng transformations, in other

words, whether this transformation makes the code harder to analyze and comprehend while preserving the input-output relationship for some program code.

The proposed framework applies obfuscating transformation the collection of prepare program code, evaluates the reliability of obfuscating transformation in program code from whether all obfuscated program code are successfully tested, whether the original program code is hard to estimate from the obfuscated program code, and whether the program code has been transformed on the whole. The case study evaluates the 37 obfuscating transformations implemented in the well-known obfuscation tools, Tigress and Obfuscator-LLVM.

The characteristics of the 14 obfuscating transformations and the reasons why the input-output relationship could not be preserved are investigated from the code that failed test cases.

The proposed framework enables obfuscation tool developers and users to evaluate the reliability of obfuscating transformations independently of the obfuscation tools.

The result shows that all 37 obfuscating transformations changed programs overall to a certain degree, but 14 obfuscating transformations could not preserve the input-output relationship.