

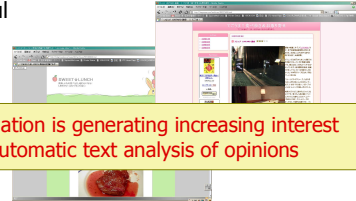
## Building an opinion-tagged corpus for opinion extraction

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## Background (1/2)

- There are an increasing number of Web documents that include human opinions
  - These information are scattered on the web
  - Acquiring users' opinions on products or services is helpful

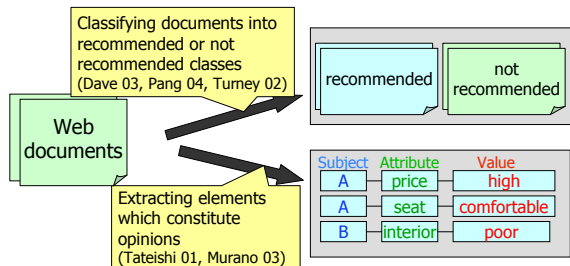


This situation is generating increasing interest in automatic text analysis of opinions

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## Background (2/2)

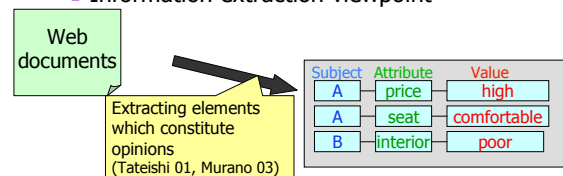
- The task of opinion acquisition:



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## Aim

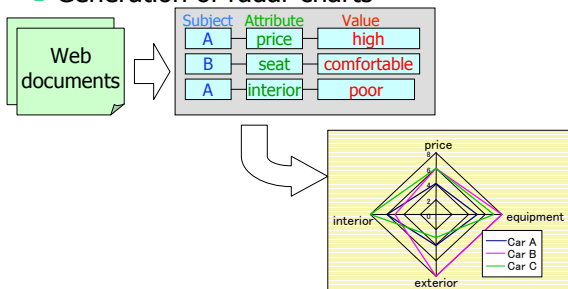
- To extract opinions that describe evaluation of particular products together with evidence
  - Information extraction viewpoint



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## One example of Application

- Generation of radar charts



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## Task definition (to date)

- Opinions are often expressed in the form of an attribute-value pair

**Attribute:** one aspect of a product (subject)  
(e.g. engine, design, price, ...)

**Value:** specific expression that quantifies or qualifies the aspect  
(e.g. high, good, beautiful, ...)

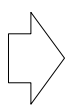
The task: extracting <subject, attribute, value>

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## Task definition (to date)

- Examples of <subject, attribute, value> extraction

I bought the Prius last month.  
The car is very quiet and the seats are comfortable.  
The capacity of the trunk may be sufficient.



Subject	Attribute	Value
Prius	φ	quiet
Prius	seats	comfortable
Prius	capacity	sufficient

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## Extending the current framework

- Large variety of ways of expressing opinions

- Hierarchical relations in "Attributes"

the capacity of the trunk

- Comparisons and conditions

The car gets good mileage at high speed.

- Reasons

This car is practical since we can change the seat arrangement

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## Outline

- Background and aim
- Task definition (to date)
- Building an opinion-tagged corpus
  - Procedure for annotation
  - Statistics of opinion-tagged corpus
  - Inter-annotator agreement
- Conclusion and future direction

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## Opinion-tagged corpus

- To investigate how many opinions have hierarchical relations

- Annotating relation information

- attribute-value relation

The sound of the engine is excellent

- attribute-attribute relation

The sound of the engine is excellent

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## Procedure for annotation

- Identify candidate values using a dictionary

Mazda axela, I like the design. But, the capacity of the trunk is insufficient. Hmm...If only the capacity were larger..

- Identify the relation between a value and the attribute

Mazda axela, I like the design. But, the capacity of the trunk is insufficient. *from which the capacity were larger*

- Identify the hierarchical relation between attributes

Mazda axela, I like the design. But, the capacity of the trunk is insufficient. *capacity were larger*

## Value dictionary

- Collecting the value expressions:
  - Semi-automatic method (2,638 expressions)
  - Existing resources
    - Japanese thesauruses (2,853 expressions)
    - Iwanami Japanese dictionary (129 expressions)

Total number of expressions : 5,620

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## Procedure for annotation

- Identify candidate values using a dictionary
 

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Hmmm. If only the capacity were larger.
- Identify the relation between a value and the attribute
 

Mazda axela, I like the design. But, the capacity of the trunk is insufficient.  
Hmmm. If only the capacity were larger.
- Identify the hierarchical relation between attributes
 

Mazda axela, I like the design. But, the capacity of the trunk is insufficient.  
Hmmm. If only the capacity were larger.

## Building an opinion-tagged corpus

- Japanese weblog articles
  - 4 domain
    - restaurant, automobile, cellphone, and videogame
- We hired a person as the annotator
  - Annotating the relations using annotation tool

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## Statistics of opinion-tagged corpus

	restaurant	automobile	cellphone	videogame
# of articles	1,445	564	494	361
# of sentences	25,500	14,593	12,326	6,823
# of A-V pairs	4,504	1,017	1,144	551
# of A-A relations	2,054	280	304	221

A-V: attribute-value  
A-A: attribute-attribute

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## Inter-annotator agreement

- 116 blog articles (2,805 sentences)
  - restaurant domain
  - candidate values are previously identified
- To evaluate the inter-annotator agreement
  - Use kappa statistics

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## Kappa statistics

- A measure of agreement that exists beyond the amount expected by chance
- Values of kappa: from 0 to 1
  - 1: perfect agreement
  - 0: chance alone

$$\text{Kappa} = (\text{agreement} - \text{chance}) / \text{chance}$$

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## Inter-annotator agreement (value)

- attribute-value relation

	value	not value
annotator1	374	1365
annotator2	337	1402
agree	1580 / 1756	

- Kappa statistics = 0.70

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## Inter-annotator agreement

- attribute-attribute relation

	completely matched	partially matched	others	total
annotator1	157	104	132	393
annotator2	157	104	109	370

レバニラ 日替わりラーメン定食 店名  
レバニラ ——— 店名

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## Conclusion

- For extending the subject-attribute-value extraction
  - Identification of the relations between attributes
- For this identification
  - We build an opinion-tagged corpus
  - In this annotation scheme
    - Inter-annotator agreement is 0.7 (kappa)

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## Future direction

- We consider the task of extracting attribute-attribute relations
  - Use statistical information
    - “termhood” of the candidates
    - the degree of co-occurrence between candidate attributes

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