CPG-Based Manipulation : Generation of Rhythmic Finger Gaits from Human Observation

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## Background

- Traditional robot manipulation
   Model-based, stability analysis
- A rhythmic pattern is observed in human's rotating manipulation
- Rhythmic motor patterns are coordinated by neural circuits referred as Central Pattern Generator (CPG)
   Locomotion in animals and insects

Apply the CPG-based control to the dexterous manipulation

## Measurement of the contact pattern Human contact condition is measured using FSRs (Force Sensing Resistors) Thumb, index, middle, and ring fingers diameter:65[mm], weight:20[g] 5 Subjects



## Detecting the typical contact pattern

- Binarizing of the FSR data to the contact/release condition.
- Segmenting the binarized data
   The thumb becomes the contact condition from the release condition.
- Extracting periodic data in a certain range (700-800[msec])
- Interpolating each extracted data in order that the data length becomes 800[msec].
- Averaging and binarizing again.























